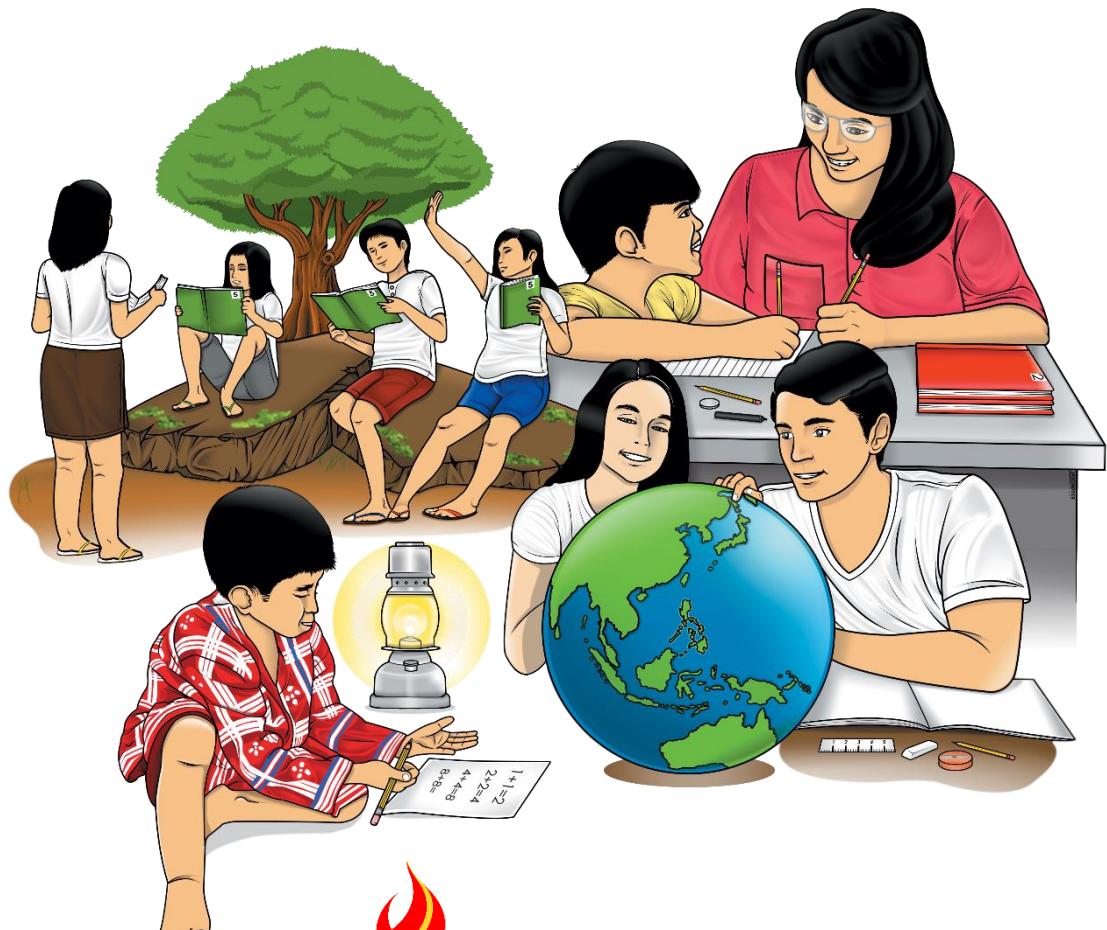


English

Quarter 1 – Module 2

Lesson 1: Inferring the Meaning of Compound Words Using Context Clues



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What I Need to Know

Words come in many different types. Some words are short while others are long. There are also words that are formed by combining other words. These words are called compound words. In this module, you will learn what compound words are and you will also practice figuring out their meanings by means of context clues.

In this module, you will learn to:

- define a compound word;
- identify compound words in sentences;
- classify a compound word according to its type; and
- infer the meaning compound words based on given context clues (synonyms, antonyms, word parts) and other strategies.



What I Know

Directions: Read the sentences carefully then do the following. Write in Column A the **compound word** found in each sentence, while write in Column B the **correct meaning** of the compound word. Write your answers in your notebook.

Column A (Compound Words)	Column B (Meaning)
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.	5.

**Lesson
1**

Inferring the Meaning of Compound Words Using Context Clues



What's In

Directions: Read and study the sentences below. Look for the compound words that were used in each sentence. Find out what they mean in these sentences then answer the questions that follow.

The girls were halfway up the tree, and when the floodwater hit it midway, they held on as tightly as they could.

Reaching the hillcrest, they saw the destruction made by the busted dam including the trees and plants on the other hilltop.

1. Identify the five (5) compound words used in the sentence. Write your answers in your notebook.

- a.
- b.
- c.
- d.
- e.

2. Which word in the first sentence means the same as halfway? _____

3. Which word in the second sentence is synonymous to hillcrest? _____

4. How do you call these words? Synonyms or Antonyms? _____



What's New

Activity 1

Directions: Go over the passage silently. Figure out the meaning of the ***italicized compound word*** by looking for its synonym. Write your answer in your notebook.

Wristwatches became popular in the 1920's. The first ones to be used were self-winding. Then in the 1950's, battery-operated wristwatches were manufactured and sold in the market. Powered by quartz crystals, electronic watches of today vibrate in their natural frequency. There are also digital quartz watches that display time in numbers. Their battery is either LED which stands for light-emitting diodes or LCD for liquid crystal display.

What kind of wristwatch do you use? Is it a self-winding one or electronic? Is it digital or the conventional one with the hour hand and the minute hand? Whichever it may be, watches and clocks are counting mechanisms that measure the passage of time and further help you follow your timetable.

1. You've got a new **wristwatch** which is similar to my two-year-old timepiece.
2. The clock hands and numerals are luminous or **light-emitting** for they glow even in darkest place.
3. **Self-winding** watches became popular in the 1920's so did automatic clocks.
4. The schedule of flights to the south is as tight as the **timetable** of sea trips.
5. Celebrating a fiesta is a **time-honored** Filipino tradition that dates back as a long-established Spanish culture centuries ago.

Activity 2

Directions: Answer the questions below by writing the letter of the correct answer in your notebook.

1. How were you able to give the meaning of the unfamiliar words?

- a. through inference
- c. through its synonym
- b. through context clue
- d. all of the above

2. What do we mean when we infer?

- a. conclude
- b. guess
- c. summarize
- d. outline

3. Synonyms are words _____.

- a. that are spelled correctly
- c. that have the same meaning
- b. that are misspelled
- d. with unknown meaning

4. Antonyms, on the other hand, are words that are _____.

- a. opposite in meaning
- c. having the same sound
- b. misspelled
- d. difficult to define

5. Unfamiliar words are words _____.

- a. whose meanings are not yet known
- b. that are spelled erroneously
- c. that are hard to read
- d. that are too long



What Is It

Compound words or **compounds** are words formed by putting two or more words together to form a new word with a new meaning. To understand the meaning of the compound, it is important to determine the meaning of each word that makes up the new word.

Compound words may be closed, open, or hyphenated.

Study the example given below.

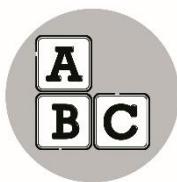
Ice	berg	iceberg
Meaning:	+	Meaning:
Solid state of water	mountain of glacier	floating ice that has separated from glacier

Types	Examples
Closed	Someone, seaplane, raincoats, newspapers
Open	Time zone, home port, mother tongue, hot dogs
Hyphenated	Mother-of-pearl, son-in-law, passers-by, name-calling

Remember:

- Compounding is joining two or more words together to make them one word with a new meaning. This new meaning of the compound word may be the same as the individual meaning of its component words or may be different.
- Compound words may be **closed** (written as one), **open** (written with space between words), or **hyphenated** (connected by a hyphen).
- The meaning of compound words can be inferred through context clues with the use of:
 - **Synonyms** - one of two or more words of the same language that have the same meaning.
 - **Antonyms** - are words of opposite meaning.

- Inference clue is a kind of context clue. In an inference clue, some kind of information is given in the sentence to help you figure out the meaning of the unfamiliar word.



What's More

Directions: Find the meaning of the underlined compound word from the rectangular box. Write your answer in your notebook.

1. There is no place so sweet and comfortable like one's motherland.
2. My brother's mother-in-law from Canada has just arrived to visit her daughter.
3. The real estate agent is selling some lots.
4. Mrs. Santos is our part-time teacher in Mathematics.
5. One morning, Jeriel's name was in the headline of the daily newspaper.
6. The airfield was too small to serve as a landing strip for the sky jet.
7. Brielle has always been hardworking, that is why she submits her project on time.
8. I love the puckered texture of crepe paper which is perfect for gift wrapping.
9. Mr. Fuentes has been working as the editor-in-chief of a leading magazine in the city.
10. People are not playthings.

mother of one's spouse	homeland	airport
head of an editorial staff		schoolhouse
freelance	lazy	toys
property	diligent	front page
significant		
crinkled, decorative paper		



What I Have Learned

1. Compound words are words formed by joining _____ different words together.
2. There are three types of compound words: open, closed, and _____.
3. The resulting compound word has a _____ meaning.
4. To figure out meaning of an unfamiliar word, _____ clues may be used.
5. Words that have the same meaning are _____.



What I Can Do

Directions: You have learned that compound words are either **open**, **closed**, or **hyphenated**. How is each type of compound word written? Can you now give other examples of each type of compound word? Copy the following chart in your notebook then fill in the needed information based on the sentences below. The first one is done for you.

Compound Word	Type	Meaning
Playground	Closed	Place where children play
1.	6.	11.
2.	7.	12.
3.	8.	13.
4.	9.	14.
5.	10.	15.

Example: A playground is a place where children play.

1. Children are taught how to read and write in a schoolhouse called a classroom.
2. I like to play games with my brother-in-law who is the spouse of my sister.
3. The line at the post office ran all the way outside the door since there are so many people inside the mail depot.

4. Rhiann loves to eat ice cream during summer for the dessert gives a cooling effect.
5. An afternoon nap which is done after lunch is popular in tropical countries.

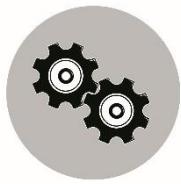


Assessment

Directions: Fill in the needed information in the table below. Find the answers hidden in each sentence. Use context clues to figure out the meaning of the compound word.

Compound Word	Type	Meaning
1. father-in-law		
2. lunch break		
3. driftwood		
4. living room		
5. trail blazer		
6. up-to-date		
7. grandmother		
8. frontline		
9. full-time		
10. marshland		

1. Sonia's father-in-law arrived home late yesterday evening. He is the father of her spouse Marc.
2. Amarah usually eats her noon meal at the school canteen during lunch break.
3. Driftwood are sometimes useful. These materials can also serve as firewood.
4. Visitors are entertained by the family at their living room. The lounge is spacious enough for number of persons.
5. Edison was a trail blazer. He was the first to discover many things which made him a popular innovator.
6. Her report is up-to-date. This means that it is the latest information about an event.
7. My grandmother is attending the party tonight. She is with other grannies in the neighborhood.
8. Doctors and nurses are frontline workers. They are the lead personnel in this trying times of the pandemic.
9. Rhaine is a full-time worker in a factory. Her permanent position demands a lot.
10. Be careful when you are in a marshland. There are some dangerous animals hiding in the swamp.



Additional Activities

Directions: Read some stories or get hold of storybooks. Find and list five examples of each type of compound word in your notebook.



Answer Key

Compound Word	Type	Meaning
5. afternoon	10. closed	15. after lunch
4. ice cream	9. open	14. dessert
3. post office	8. open	13. mail depot
2. brother-in-law	7. hyphenated	12. spouse of my sister
1. classroom/ schoolhouse	6. closed	11. schoolhouse/ classroom
10. toys		
9. head of an editorial staff		
8. crinkled, decorative paper		
7. diligent		
6. airport		
5. front page		
4. freelance		
3. property		
2. mother of one's spouse		
1. homeland		
1. two	2. hyphenated	3. new/different
4. context	5. synonyms	
What I Have Learned		
What I Can Do		

Column A	Column B
1. outraged	- d
2. drawback	- b
3. homework	- a
4. earthquake - c	
5. long-established	
Activity 1	
1. timeliness	a. halfway
2. luminous	b. flood water
3. automatic	c. midway
4. schedule	d. hillcrest
5. hilltop	e. hilltop
Activity 2	
1. midway	2. midway
2. a	3. hilltop
3. a	4. a
4. c	5. a
5. c	
What I Know	
What's New	
What's In	
Activity 1	
1. halfway	a. halfway
2. luminous	b. flood water
3. automatic	c. midway
4. schedule	d. hillcrest
5. hilltop	e. hilltop
Activity 2	
1. midway	2. midway
2. a	3. hilltop
3. a	4. a
4. c	5. a
5. c	
What I Know	
What's New	
What's In	
Activity 1	
1. halfway	a. halfway
2. luminous	b. flood water
3. automatic	c. midway
4. schedule	d. hillcrest
5. hilltop	e. hilltop
Activity 2	
1. midway	2. midway
2. a	3. hilltop
3. a	4. a
4. c	5. a
5. c	

Compound Word	Type	Meaning
1. father-in-law	hyphenated	father of her spouse
2. lunch break	open	noon meal
3. driftwood	closed	firewood
4. living room	open	lounge
5. trail blazer	open	innovator
6. up-to-date	hyphenated	latest
7. grandmother	closed	grandma's
8. frontline	closed	lead
9. full-time	hyphenated	permanent
10. marshland	closed	swamp

Answers may vary.

Additional Activities

Assessment