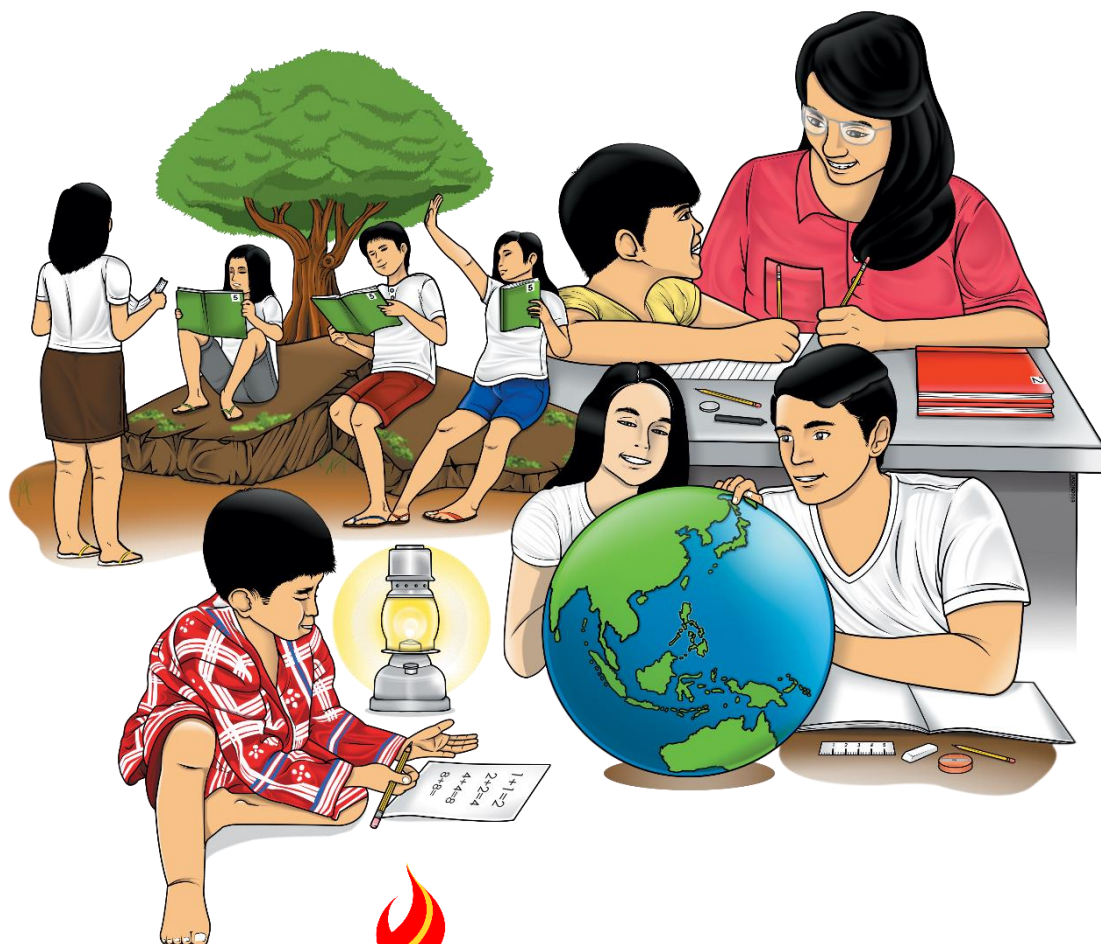


# English

## Quarter 1 – Module 4

### Lesson 2: Composing Descriptive Sentences Using Different Kinds of Adjectives





## ***What I Need to Know***

In composing informative and creative texts, writers select the best words that will help them convey their ideas more clearly. They use descriptive words to give additional information about a person, a thing, or an event. These words are modifiers of nouns and pronouns. They are called **adjectives**.

In this module you will learn to:

- define adjectives;
- use adjectives to describe someone or something;
- identify and use different kinds of adjectives in sentences; and
- appreciate the use of appropriate words to describe a person, a thing, or an event.



## ***What I Know***

### Activity 1

**Directions:** Analyze each word. Write **A** if it is an adjective and **N** if it is not.

- |           |       |               |       |
|-----------|-------|---------------|-------|
| 1. book   | _____ | 6. study      | _____ |
| 2. write  | _____ | 7. happy      | _____ |
| 3. clean  | _____ | 8. leave      | _____ |
| 4. begin  | _____ | 9. delicious  | _____ |
| 5. pretty | _____ | 10. wonderful | _____ |

## Activity 2

**Directions:** Pick out the adjectives inside the box and place them on the column accordingly. The first three adjectives are already provided as examples.

<i>Nike</i>	<i>nervous</i>	<i>Philippine</i>
	<i>two-page</i>	<b><i>Tinikling</i></b>
<b><i>warm-blooded</i></b>	<b><i>sweet</i></b>	<i>second-hand</i>

### PROPER ADJECTIVES

**Tinikling** dance

culture

shoes

### COMPOUND ADJECTIVES

**warm-blooded** animals

document

car

### PREDICATE ADJECTIVES

Kathryn is **sweet**.

You look \_\_\_\_\_.

## Lesson

# 2

## Composing Descriptive Sentences Using Different Kinds of Adjectives



### *What's In*

**Directions:** Think of an adjective that matches the description. Write the adjective in your notebook.

1. a car that has just been bought from a factory

\_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_ car

2. countries in Asia like the Philippines and Singapore

\_\_\_\_\_ countries

3. an anniversary being celebrated on the 50<sup>th</sup> year

\_\_\_\_\_ anniversary

4. a chair made of wood

\_\_\_\_\_ chair

5. a building with ten floors

\_\_\_\_\_ building



## What's New

**Directions:** Identify a specific person, place, thing, or idea that is connected to your town, city, or province. Then write at least two adjectives about it on the small square next to it.

_____		_____
a role model		an event
_____		_____
famous delicacy		a tourist spot



## What Is It

An **adjective** is a word that is used to describe a noun or pronoun. It helps you express your ideas more clearly by allowing you to give additional information about words. Adjectives also help the readers to have a clearer picture of what the writer is talking about.

Recall your lesson on **proper nouns**. Remember that these are nouns that are capitalized and usually come from the names of people, cities, countries, brands, events, and the like. Like proper nouns, there are also adjectives that need to be capitalized; they are called **proper adjectives**. A proper adjective is a word that modifies nouns and pronouns and is formed from a proper noun.

Take a look at the words on the table.

ADJECTIVE	NOUN	
<i>Mediana's</i>	residence	(Whose residence?) <i>Mediana's</i>
<i>Filipino</i>	food	(What kind of food?) <i>Filipino</i>
<i>Waray</i>	language	(What kind of language?) <i>Waray</i>

**Mediana's, Filipino, and Waray** are **proper adjectives**.

On the other hand, some adjectives are formed by joining two different words to give a new meaning. These adjectives are called **compound adjectives**. They are usually hyphenated (-) to avoid confusion.

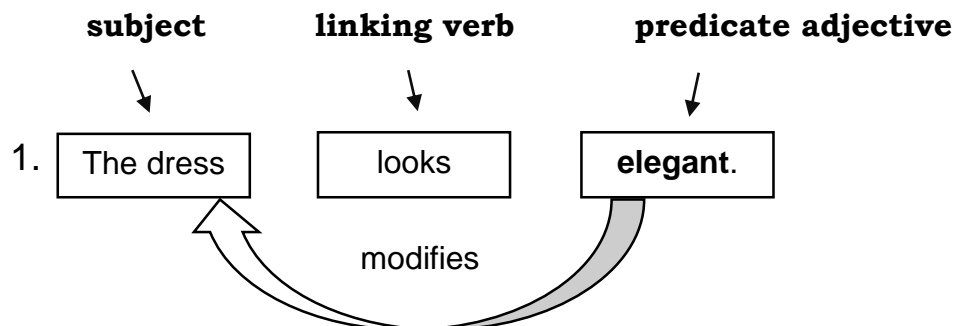
Consider the following examples:

1. Our family enjoyed the **two-day** vacation we had in Palawan.
2. Sarah Geronimo is a **well-known** singer.

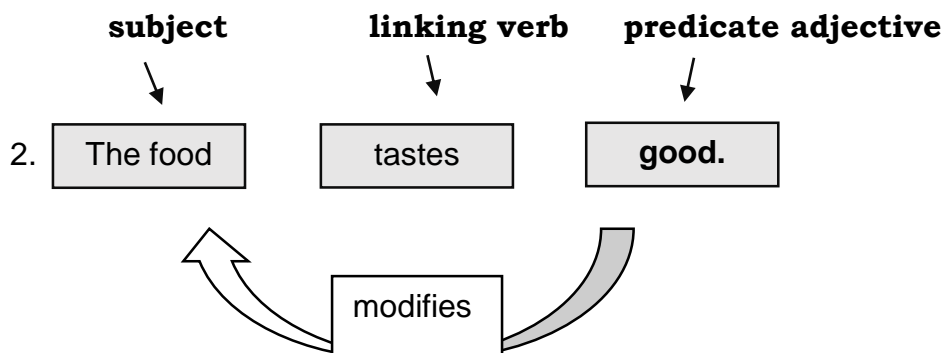
Moreover, there are other adjectives that come after a linking verb and modify the subject of the linking verb. They are called **predicate adjectives**.

A predicate adjective is a subject complement, a word or group of words that follows a linking verb or verb phrase such as **is, am, were, taste, look, sound, have been and did seem**.

Study the following sentences:



In this sentence, the word elegant modifies the dress.



In this sentence, the word good modifies the food.

So far, you have encountered three types of adjectives: proper adjectives, compound adjectives, and predicate adjectives. The first two are usually written before the word they modify.

### Proper Adjectives

I love **Hungarian** sausage.



Do you speak the **Cebuano** dialect?




### Compound Adjectives

A cyclops is a **one-eyed** monster.




The **good-looking** actor has a new TV commercial.




The last one (predicate adjectives) are written far from the word they modify and placed after a linking verb.

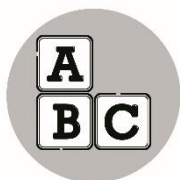
### Predicate Adjectives

Liza Soberano is **pretty**.



Many doctors and nurses in our hospital are tired.





## What's More

**A. Directions:** Identify whether the underlined word is a **proper adjective**, a **compound adjective**, or a **predicate adjective**.

1. My cousin prefers Filipino food over Italian food.

A. proper adjective    B. compound adjective    C. predicate adjective

2. A dog is a four-legged animal.

A. proper adjective    B. compound adjective    C. predicate adjective

**B. Directions:** Complete each sentence by supplying the appropriate adjective. Select your answer from the box.

three -layered    good    four-wheeled    Bicolano    six-page

For example:    Lina wants a three-layered cake. (compound adjective)

3. Lara is a \_\_\_\_\_ girl. (predicate adjective)

4. Do you enjoy spicy \_\_\_\_\_ food? (*proper adjective*)

5. Cardo's Aunt bought a \_\_\_\_\_ vehicle. (compound adjective)

**C.Directions:** Study each picture below. Then describe each using the kind of adjective being asked.

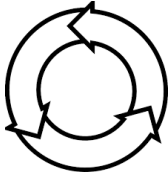
6.



\_\_\_\_\_ dance (proper adjective)

(a dance originating in India)

7.



\_\_\_\_\_ cycle (compound adjective)

(a cycle that never ends)

8.



\_\_\_\_\_ dress (predicate adjective)

(a dress with a particular color)

9.



\_\_\_\_\_ document (compound  
adjective)

(a document that contains a certain number of pages)

10.



\_\_\_\_\_ food (Predicate adjective)

(food that you like because of its taste)



## ***What I Have Learned***

An adjective is a word that is used to describe a noun or pronoun. There are different kinds of adjectives, namely: ***proper adjective***, ***compound adjective***, and ***predicate adjective***.

More specifically, a ***proper adjective*** is a word that modifies nouns and pronouns and is formed from a proper noun. On the other hand, some adjectives are formed by joining two different words to give a new meaning. These adjectives are called ***compound adjectives***. They are usually hyphenated to avoid confusion.

Also, there are other adjectives that come after a linking verb and modify the subject of the linking verb. They are called ***predicate adjectives***. A predicate adjective is a subject complement, a word or group of words that follows a linking verb or verb phrase such as *is*, *am*, *were*, *taste*, *look*, *sound*, *have been* and *did seem*.

Overall, adjectives help us describe the qualities of the nouns and pronouns in writing. Likewise, it gives the reader a complete picture of what you are writing about.



## ***What I Can Do***

**Directions:** Think of a person or people in your community. Then describe them using the following adjectives in a sentence.

1. Japanese
2. excellent
3. Filipino
4. well-known
5. well-behaved



## Assessment

### Activity 1

**Directions:** Choose the letter of the best answer.

- What is an adjective?  
A. It is a word used to modify a noun or a pronoun.  
B. It is a word that shows action.  
C. It is a word that names.
- My father loves Filipino food. The underlined word is a \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. proper adjective      B. compound adjective      C. predicate adjective
- David bought a \_\_\_\_\_ car.  
A. two door      B. two-door      C. two doors
- Noel is a handsome boy. The underlined word is a \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. proper adjective      B. compound adjective      C. predicate adjective
- The owner of that big house has a \_\_\_\_\_ dog.  
A. well behave      B. well-behave      C. well-behaved

### Activity 2

**Directions:** Use the following adjectives in a sentence.

- kind-hearted
- magical
- American
- blue-eyed
- soft



## Additional Activities

**Directions:** Compose five sentences using the different kinds of adjectives about any of the topics below.

Favorite food \_\_\_\_\_

Favorite place \_\_\_\_\_

Favorite movie \_\_\_\_\_

Favorite book \_\_\_\_\_

Favorite Teacher \_\_\_\_\_



## Answer Key

<p><b>Additional Activities</b></p> <p>Answer may vary.</p>	<p><b>What I Can Do</b></p> <p>Answer may vary.</p> <p><b>Assessment</b></p> <p>Activity 1</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a</li> <li>a</li> <li>b</li> <li>c</li> <li>c</li> </ol> <p>Activity 2</p> <p>Answer may vary</p>	<p><b>What's More</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A</li> <li>B</li> <li>good</li> <li>Bicolano</li> <li>four-wheeled</li> <li>Indian</li> <li>never-ending</li> <li>black</li> <li>five-page</li> <li>delicious, tasty, yummy</li> </ol>
<p><b>What's In</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>N</li> <li>N</li> <li>A</li> <li>N</li> <li>A</li> <li>A</li> </ol> <p><b>What's New</b></p> <p>Answers may vary.</p>	<p><b>What I Know</b></p> <p>Activity 2</p> <p><b>Proper Adjectives</b></p> <p>Tinikling dance</p> <p>Philippine culture</p> <p>Nike shoes</p> <p><b>Compound Adjectives</b></p> <p>warm-blooded animal</p> <p>two-page document</p> <p>second-hand car</p> <p><b>Predicate Adjectives</b></p> <p>Kathryn is <u>sweet</u>.</p> <p>You look <u>nervous</u>.</p>	<p><b>What I Know</b></p> <p>Activity 1</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>brand-new, newly-bought, newly-purchased</li> <li>Asian</li> <li>golden, fifty-year</li> <li>wooden</li> <li>ten-story, ten-floor</li> </ol>