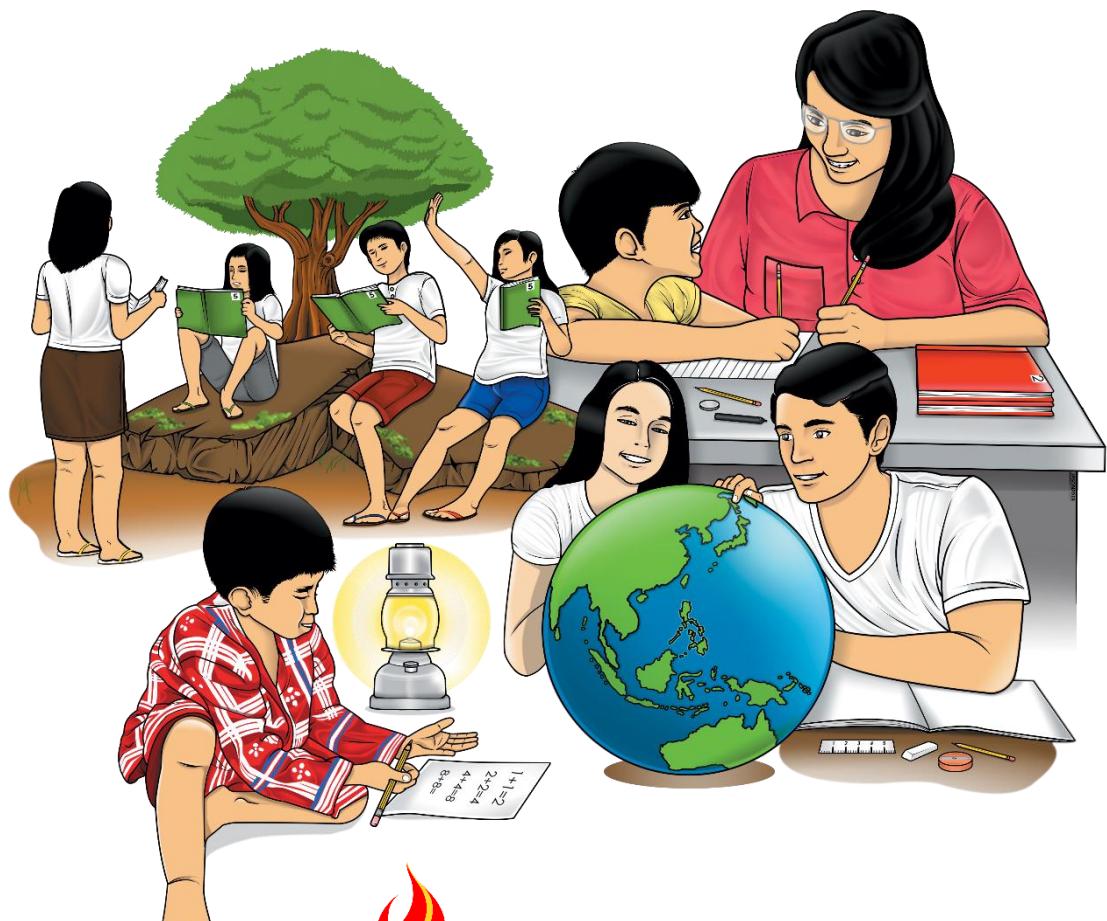


English

Quarter 1 – Module 5: Sentence Galore



GOVERNMENT PROPERTY
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What I Need to Know

This module was designed and written with you in mind. It is here to help you master on the kinds of sentences. As you go over the pages, you will be exposed to what we call sentence galore wherein you will experience exciting activities that will enrich your knowledge about the declarative, interrogative, exclamatory and imperative sentences.

The scope of this module permits it to be used in many different learning situations. The language used recognizes the diverse vocabulary level of learners. The lessons are arranged to follow the standard sequence of the course. But the order in which you read them can be changed to correspond with the textbook you are now using.

After going through this module, you are expected to use different kinds of sentence (EN3G-Ic-3).

Enjoy your journey. Good luck!



What I Know

Directions: Read each question. Choose the letter of the correct answer.

1. What is a declarative sentence?
 - a. It tells about something.
 - b. It asks about something.
 - c. It expresses a strong feeling when telling about something.
 - d. It makes a simple command or request.

2. What is an imperative sentence?
 - a. It tells about something.
 - b. It asks about something.
 - c. It expresses a strong feeling when telling about something.
 - d. It makes a simple command or request.

3. What is an exclamatory sentence?
 - a. It tells about something.
 - b. It asks about something.
 - c. It expresses a strong feeling when telling about something.
 - d. It makes a simple command or request.

4. What is an interrogative sentence?
 - a. It tells about something.
 - b. It asks about something.
 - c. It expresses a strong feeling when telling about something.
 - d. It makes a simple command or request.

5. Which sentence below is an example of an interrogative sentence?

- The students help in the clean-up drive to prevent Dengue.
- Please help in cleaning the surroundings.
- Who helped in the clean-up drive to prevent Dengue?
- I cannot help you!

6. Which sentence below is an example of an imperative sentence?

- The students help in the clean-up drive to prevent Dengue.
- Please help in cleaning the surroundings.
- Who helped in the clean-up drive to prevent Dengue?
- I cannot help you!

7. Which sentence below is an example of a declarative sentence?

- The students help in the clean-up drive to prevent Dengue.
- Please help in cleaning the surroundings.
- Who helped in the clean-up drive to prevent Dengue?
- I cannot help you!

8. Which sentence below is an example of an exclamatory sentence?

- The students help in the clean- up drive to prevent Dengue.
- Please help in cleaning the surroundings.
- Who help in the clean-up drive to prevent Dengue?
- I cannot help you!

Lesson

1

Sentence Galore

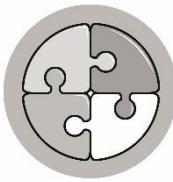
Do you like to talk about a lot of things? Do you love to tell stories?

Of course you do. You retell stories that you have read from books or fairytale movies that you have watched on your television at home, or a simple story that you have heard from your grandmother, parents and siblings. In telling something, you are using a declarative sentence. A declarative sentence ends with a period (.).

Sometimes, you also ask a lot of questions to gain more knowledge and to acquire more information. You are curious to know more about the many things that surrounds you. By asking a question, you are using an interrogative sentence. An interrogative sentence ends with a question mark (?).

You are often expressive in telling about something. You show pride in expressing great appreciation when you receive something which is of value to you. When you are excited, or surprised, you often speak with strong emotion. In expressing excitement or emotion, you are using an exclamatory sentence. An exclamatory sentence ends with an exclamation mark (!).

Moreover, you are also taught good values such as obedience and respect by your parents at home and by your teachers in school. You want someone to tell you to do something in a nice way and so you also tell someone to do something for you in a nice way. In making a demand or request, you are using an imperative sentence. An imperative sentence ends with a period (.).



What's In

In the past lesson, you knew what a sentence is. You also learned the four kinds of sentence.

A. Finding the Difference

Directions: Copy the sentences in your notebook. Check the box before the number if it is a declarative or telling sentence and put an X mark if it is an interrogative or asking sentence.

1. The travellers used to stay at Hotel ni Pedro.

2. Did you buy food at the canteen?

3. The family had a great time at Langoyon Beach last Sunday.

4. The boy is celebrating his 8th birthday today.

5. When will be our First Culminating Performance?

B. Sorting out sentences

Directions: Identify the imperative and exclamatory sentence from each item. Write the sentence on the correct column below.

1. a. The ground is so dusty!
b. Water the ground before you sweep the dried leaves.

2. a. There is no pail of water inside the comfort room!
b. Fill the pail with water.

3. a. Turn on the wall fans.
b. It is so warm inside your room!

4. a. The toilet smells bad!
b. Please do not forget to clean the toilet after using.

5. a. Take care of that dress.
b. That's a lovely dress!

	Imperative Sentence	Exclamatory Sentence
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		



What's New

Direction: Read the dialog below.

A Fun Fair

By: Marilou P. Masunag

Kelvin: Have you heard that there is a fun fair now at the park?

Gabriel: Really? Oh wow! We need to tell nanay and tatay to bring us there tonight!

Kelvin: Yes, we must ride on that roller-coaster.

Gabriel: Nanay, will you take us to the fun fair tonight?

Kelvin: Yes, Nanay please. Can you buy us tickets to ride on the roller-coaster?

Mother: Yes, we will bring you there, but on one condition. You must wash the dishes tonight after eating. Okay?

Gabriel and Kelvin: Yes, we will!

Mother: Okay, call your father now. Let us have our dinner.

Comprehension Questions

Direction: Answer the following questions.

1. What is happening at the park right now?
2. What condition did nanay give the two boys?
3. What does Kelvin want to ride?
4. How many kinds of sentence are there in the dialog that you read?
5. "Let us have our dinner" is an example of what sentence?



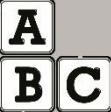
What is It

Declarative Sentence usually makes a statement. It is also called a telling sentence. It ends with a period.

Interrogative Sentence is usually presented in the form of question. It is also called an asking sentence. It ends with a question mark.

Exclamatory Sentence expresses a strong feeling. It ends with an exclamation mark.

Imperative Sentence commands or tells someone to do something. It ends with a period.



What's More

Activity A.1 Punctuating and Labelling

Directions: Read each sentence and add the correct punctuation mark. Then label it as Imperative, Declarative, Interrogative or Exclamatory.

Example: You have a nice Mandaya dress

Answer: You have a nice Mandaya dress. Declarative

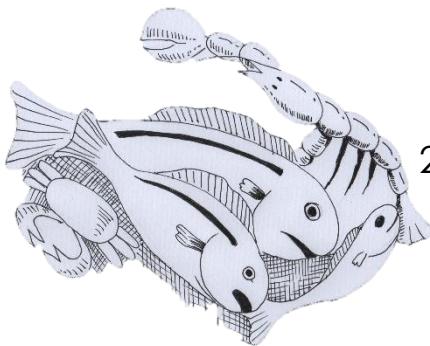
1. What is your favorite Larong Pinoy_____
2. Yehey, I got a gift from my tita_____
3. He is the best dancer in the group_____
4. Do your projects on time_____
5. Who is the most helpful in your family_____

Activity A.2 Write Those Pics

Directions: Use each picture on the left to write a declarative, exclamatory, interrogative and imperative sentence. Don't forget to punctuate accordingly.



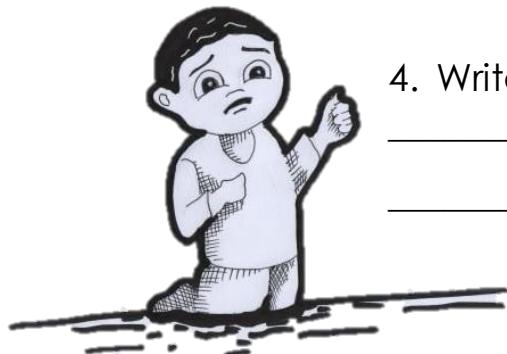
1. Write a declarative sentence



2. Write an interrogative sentence



3. Write an imperative sentence



4. Write an exclamatory sentence

Activity B. End of Sentence Challenge

Direction: Use proper punctuation mark after each sentence.

Sentences	Punctuation Marks
1. What is your father's name	
2. My name is Ethan Mateo	
3. I am at the church	

4. Go home and pray	
5. Can you see the waterfalls	
6. Be careful	
7. Please close the door	
8. Fix your toys	
9. The seafood is delicious	
10. Wow! the ocean is amazing	



What I Have Learned

1. What is a sentence that usually makes a statement and ends with a period?
2. What is a sentence that usually presented in the form of a question and ends with a question mark?
3. What is a sentence that expresses a strong feeling and ends with an exclamation mark?
4. What is a sentence that commands or tells someone to do something?



What Can I Do

Directions: Use different kinds of sentences based on the given situations. Write your answer in your notebook.

1. You request your classmate to let you borrow her notebook, what will you say?

2. What will you say if you suddenly saw a child fell down?

3. Introduce yourself.

4. You want to ask if how much is the price of the banana cue, what will you say?



Assessment

Directions: Read the questions carefully. Choose the letter of the correct answer.

1. Which is **not** an interrogative sentence?
 - a. The baby is sleeping.
 - b. Is the baby sleeping?
 - c. Where does the baby sleep?
 - d. Who guard the baby as she sleeps?
2. What punctuation mark do we use after the declarative sentence?
 - a. (!)
 - b. (.)
 - c. (?)
 - d. (,)
3. Which of the following is an imperative sentence?
 - a. Turn off the faucet after using.
 - b. How old are you?
 - c. Amazing costumes!
 - d. Mother cooks food for us.
4. Which sentence expresses a strong emotion?
 - a. Get one whole sheet of paper.
 - b. Who is your teacher?
 - c. What a mess!
 - d. We attended the flag ceremony.
5. Write an interrogative sentence about the statement below.
Marissa dreams to become a teacher someday.



Additional Activities

Directions: Read again the dialog about “Fun Fair”. Choose from the dialog an example of the following sentences.

1. Interrogative Sentence

Sentence: _____

2. Declarative Sentence

Sentence: _____

3. Imperative Sentence

Sentence: _____

4. Exclamatory Sentence

Sentence: _____



Answer Key

What I Know	What's New	What's In	What I Can Do	What's More
1. a 2. d 3. c 4. b 5. c 6. b 7. a 8. d	1. It has a funfair. 2. They will wash the dishes. 3. roller-coaster 4. There were four kinds of sentences. 5. declarative sentence	A. Finding the difference B. Softening out sentences	1. / 2. x 3. / 4. / 5. x	Activity A.1 (Punctuating and Labelling) 1. (?) <u>Interrogative</u> 2. (!) <u>Exclamatory</u> 3. (.) <u>Declarative</u> 4. (.) <u>Imperative</u> 5. (?) <u>Interrogative</u> Activity A.2 (Write That Pics) Answers may vary. 1. The beach is clean. 2. How much is 1 kilo of fish? 3. You keep your toys. 4. Oh no! the baby fell down! 5. What does Marissa dream to be someday? 6. (i) 7. (.) 8. (.) 9. (.) 10. (i)
1. It has a funfair. 2. They will wash the dishes. 3. roller-coaster 4. There were four kinds of sentences. 5. declarative sentence	A. Finding the difference B. Softening out sentences	1. May I borrow your notebook? 2. Oh! my God! the child fell down! 3. Have you heard that there is a fair at the park? 4. We must ride on that roller-coaster. 5. Can you buy us tickets to ride on the roller-coaster? 6. Really! Oh wow! We need to tell Nancy and Tony to bring us there tonighthi	1. May I borrow your notebook? 2. Oh! my God! the child fell down! 3. My name is _____. 4. How much is the banana? 5. We must ride on that roller-coaster.	Assessment 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
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